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## Brain Tissue Modeled as a Porous Medium with parameters derived from Micro-Iontophoresis Experiments

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The cellular structures of the brain are separated by a narrow fluid-filled extracellular (interstitial) space giving brain tissue properties of a porous medium. The porosity and tortuosity can be measured by releasing tetramethylammonium cations from a micropipette and measuring the time-dependent concentration about 100  $\mu\text{m}$  away using an ion-selective microelectrode (ISM), as shown in Fig. 1 [1].

Fitting the results of experiments to an appropriate solution to the diffusion equation [1, 2] revealed that the typical porosity is  $\phi \sim 0.2$  and the tortuosity is  $\tau \sim 1.6$ , where tortuosity =  $\sqrt{D/D}$ ,  $D$  is free diffusivity and  $D$  is effective diffusivity. These results were modeled by regarding the brain as an ensemble of cubic cells of side  $2a$  with cubic voids (expansions of interstitial space) of side  $b$  at each corner. Cells were separated by sheets of interstitial space of width  $2w$  and the packed cells formed composite voids of width  $2b$ , as shown in Fig. 2. [4]

Monte Carlo simulations took place in this ensemble using the MCell program [3]. It was found that, to obtain the experimental  $\phi$  and  $\tau$ , the required geometry was  $a = 0.742 \mu\text{m}$ ,  $b = 0.379 \mu\text{m}$  and  $w = 20 \text{ nm}$  [4]. The presence of voids was essential to obtain the measured tortuosity and this feature was consistent with freeze-fixed electron microscopy and super-resolution optical imaging [4].

### References

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